Newport Mercury.

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Newport Mercury.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY

WM. & J. H. BARBER,

Opposite the BRICK-MARKET.

AT TWO DOLLARS per Annum, One Dollar in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, inserted three weeks for One Dollar, and seventeen cents for each subsequent insertion.

All Advertisements, (except where an account is open) must be paid for previous to insertion.

BEEF, &c.

L. ROUSMANIERE,
No. 2, Market-square,
Has for Sale,

MESS PORK,
Do. Beef,
Jamaica RUM, 4th proof, of a fine flavour.
Young Hyson, Hyson-skin and Souchong TEAS, of the first quality, in whole and quarter chests.
Green Coffee
Mould Candles.

Newport, January 22.

HIDES, &c.

Now Landing from Brig Alligator, from St. Domingo, at Stevens's Wharf.

1300 Hides.
70 Logs of Mahogany
40 Tons Lignumvitæ
15 Serroons Tobacco
12 dozen Goat Skins.

Apply to
STEPHEN BOWEN.

Newport, Jan. 22.

FRESH FLOUR

Now Landing from Brig Hebe, and for sale at Gardner's wharf.

400 Barrels and half
Barrels Alexandria FLOUR.—Apply to
JOHN B. LYON.

Newport, Jan. 14.

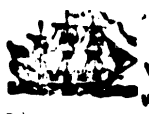
H. RUGGLES,

Has for Sale on Lyon's Wharf,

MASTS and SPARS, of all sizes —*Ind.*
24 000 feet Oak Ship Plank.

Newport, August 20 6m.

For Alexandria,



THE Brig HIRAM BENJAMIN JAMES, Master, will sail in all next week.—For Freight, apply to

L. ROUSMANIERE,
No. 2 Market-Square.

Who wishes to purchase,
1000 Bushels clean OATS.

Newport, March 11

NOTICE.

A BRIG's Long-Boat was taken from the brig Hiram, at Stevens's wharf a few nights since.—Whoever will give information so that she may be recovered, will be handsomely rewarded

BENJAMIN JAMES.

Newport, March 11

NOTICE.

THE following PEWS in Trinity-Church, will be Sold at Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, April 5th at 11 o'clock A. M. unless the Taxes now due on said Pews shall be paid on or before that day, viz:—No's 21, 22 29, 50, 61, 72, 85 93 and 94

By order of the Vestry
ROBINSON POTTER, *Senior Warden*

Newport, March 4.

LINSEED OIL.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Agent for the Sale of

Linseed Oil, & Oil Cake Meal,

Will in future be supplied with these Articles (by the Barrel or larger quantity) on the same terms, and at the same prices as at the Manufactory.

Purchasers of the above articles will by this arrangement; be saved the trouble, risk and expense of sending abroad for them —Flaxseed will be received in exchange, and those who purchase Oil, may return the casks in part payment.

R. W. LAWTON.

Newport, March 11.

Spirits, Figs, & Logwood.

11 Hhds. Jenck's pure SPIRITS.
40 Drums fresh FIGS.
10 Tons LOGWOOD.

For Sale, by
CHRIS. RHODES.

Newport, March 11.

HARDWARE, &c.

JONATHAN REYNOLDS,
Has for Sale at his Store in Wickford.

A GENERAL Assortment of HARDWARE and Cutlery; Brass Andirons.—*Also*, Dry Goods, Hats and Groceries;—Dutch Plough Irons. and Ploughs ready made; Seed Oats, and various kinds of Hay Seed; 600 lb. Pearl Ashes; 10 m. Hhd. Hoops; 1000 fish barrels; 50 Rum do; 30 bushels Plaster Paris, ready ground and fit for use, 1500 pine Clapboards; 1000 chesnut rails; 50 bushels white beans; 200 quintals dry Codfish; 20 barrels pickled do; 20 barrels Flour.—*Also*. 160 Acres of Military bounty Land, lying in Missouri.—*Likewise for Sale*, A general Assortment of Country Lumber, consisting of Ship Plank, boat Boards, common oak do. and joist; half inch chesnut boards, &c &c.

Wickford, March 2.

TO LET,

And Possession given the 20th of April.

THE BRICK HOUSE in Mill-Street, the property of the late Capt *Robert Lawton*.—For terms, apply to either of the Subscribers.

PENELOPE LAWTON,
STEPHEN CAHOONE,
CHRISTOPHER RHODES.

Newport, March 11.

TO LET,

THE HOUSE in Church-Street next east of the Moravian Meeting-House.—Possession given Immediately.—For terms, apply at the Office of the Newport Mercury.

Newport, March 10.

TO LET,

THE Dwelling House in Clarke-Street, owned by the late *Deborah Garrison*, and now occupied by *David Rodman*.—For terms, &c. apply to

DAVID KING.

Newport, March 11.

TO LET,

And possession given the 25th of March.

THE Lots of Land in the south-east part of this Town, (on the Hill) belonging to the estate of *John Freebody*, deceased, and lately improved by John Doing.—*Also*, The Lot of Land in Thames-Street, lately improved by Benjamin Clark.—Apply to

GEORGE ENGS.

Newport, March 11. 3w

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of DEBORAH GARRISON late of Newport, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscriber, and those having any demands against said Estate, will present them for settlement, to

DAVID KING, *Executor.*

Newport, March 8, 1820.

GIN & SUGAR

WILLIAM CROOKE,
Has just received, and for Sale at his Store in Thames-street,

7 Hhds. & 30 Bbls
Jencks' best Rye GIN.
3 Hhds. pure SPIRITS

ALSO,

A few Boxes Havanna white and Brown SUGARS, and
20 Boxes Hartford Mould CANDLES.

Newport, Nov 12.

Liverpool Earthen Ware

Archibald Munro, & Co.
Have just received,

50 Crates well assorted EARTHEN WARE, particularly selected for this market, consisting of

Edg'd and C. C. Dishes and Bakers, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 inches.
Edged and C. C. Plates
do. do. Twifflers
do. do. Muffins, 7, 6 and 4 inches.
Best blue printed Plates, Twifflers and Muffins.
Do. do. Dishes, Bakers, &c.
Do. do. Teas, Bowls & saucers
Do. do. Jugs, 4. 6. 12 24s.
Do. do Tea pots, sugars & creams
Do. do. Bowls, 4, 6, 12 & 24s
Enameled Tea's, Tea pots, sugars & creams.
Do. Jugs, bowls, and bowls & saucers
C. C. Jugs, Bowls, &c. &c.

Newport, Nov. 6.

COFFEE,

TEN Barrels first quality COFFEE, just received and for Sale, by

STEPHEN BOWEN.

Newport, Feb 5.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT Twenty Acres of excellent Land, suitable for mowing, tillage or pasturing, situated about 1 1-4 miles from the State-House, the dividing line between Newport and Middletown, running through said land.—For terms, apply to

BENJAMIN HADWEN.

Newport, 18th of 2d mo. 1820.

TO LET,

A FARM in Jamestown, (part of Beaver-tail) containing 273 Acres of excellent Land, and the buildings in good order.—Possession given the 25th of March next—For terms, apply to

S. Fowler Gardner, or
Audley Clarke.

Newport, Jan. 8.

TO RENT,

For One Year, from the 25th of March next,

THE LOTS lying between Spring-Street and Bellevue; containing Ten Acres, conveniently divided, and well fenced.—Application to be made to WILLIAM MARCHANT, Esq.

Newport, January 22.

For SALE, or To Let,

And possession given the 25th of March next,

ABOUT Sixty Acres of Land, with a Dwelling House, barn crib and other buildings thereon, in good repair, lying in the Town of Newport, about one mile, from the centre of said Town and now in the occupation of Mr *George Armstrong*.—For terms, apply to

JOHN COGGESHALL, or
NICHOLAS TAYLOR.

Newport, Jan 29.

FOR SALE

THE COTTON FARM, (so called containing 180 Acres of good land pleasantly situated on the east side of Rhode-Island, about 5 miles from Newport, in the town of Portsmouth, with a Dwelling-House and other necessary buildings, such as barns, crib, sheds, &c —For terms, which will be liberal apply to

DANIEL CHASE.

Pors-mouth, 5th of 3d mo.

SHERIFF's SALES.

BY Virtue of Executions to me directed, their will be Sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 27th instant at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises.

All the right, title and interest of THOMAS DENNIS, in and to the following Real Estates, viz:—

Nineteen Lots of Land, in three divisions, on the Point, near Fort Greene.

The Dwelling-House and Lot of land, south angle of Washington and Poplar-streets, now occupied by Thomas Dennis, jun. and Mrs. Phillips.

Two Lots in one, on Washington-street, improved as a Garden, and lying next north of the residence of John L Boss, Esq.

Five-eighths of the Two Stores in Market-Square, occupied by Henry Bull and Lewis Reusmaniere

Also. All the right, title and interest of JOHN DENNIS, in and to three-eighths of the said two Stores, and in and to the Dwelling-House, and Lot and half of Land, being his late residence, north angle of Washington and Poplar-streets, on the Point.

R. B. CRANSTON, *Sheriff.*

Newport, March 10.

☞ The above Estates are eligible, and persons desiring to purchase are now informed that very liberal terms of credit for the greater part of the purchase money, will be allowed on approved security—Particulars will be made known at the time and place of Sale.

Real Estate for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, the Dwelling-House and Store, situated on Thames and Church-streets, now occupied by the Merchants' Bank.—*Also*, The Dwelling-House situated on Division-street, late occupied by John B Lyon.—*Also for Sale*. 16 Shares in the Bank of Rhode-Island; 156 Shares in the Newport Bank; 5 Shares in the R I Bridge Company; 1 Pew in Trinity Church; 1 share in the Redwood Library; a large scale beam, and some weights—all the above being the property of the late Hon. SIMEON MARTIN.—Those who wish to purchase all, or any part of the above property, will apply to the Subscriber, or to CHRISTOPHER FOWLER, Esq —If not Sold at Private Sale, the above property will be sold at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, on the 20th of March instant, at X o'clock A M opposite the Merchants Bank.

WHEELER MARTIN, *Exec'r.*

Providence, March 1.

REMOVAL.

JOSIAH C. SHAW,
Informs his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has, for the present, Removed his Office to the Store of Mr. STEPHEN CAHOONE, No 118, Thames-Street, one door south of his former old stand, where he proposes to attend to all the branches of a Broker, and to the duties of an Attorney at Law

All kinds of Stock will be negotiated. Accounts and Notes collected, legal instruments drawn, and the least favour gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, Feb. 26.

$25,000

Literature Lottery,
Third Class.

WILL commence Drawing in New-York in May next—Tickets and Parts in this splendid Lottery, are for Sale by

JOSIAH C. SHAW,
Who acts as Agent to G. & R Waite, of New-York.

N. B—Prize Tickets in the Second Class of this Lottery, which is completed and the Managers List received, will be taken the same as Cash.

Newport, Jan 22.

TO LET,

THE House and Lot in Broad-street, formerly owned and occupied by Capt *Nicholas Webster*—Possession given immediately.—The premises may be viewed, and terms made known by application to

RICHARD K. RANDOLPH.

Newport, Dec. 4.

From the National Advocate.

Domestic Economy.

A FINE morning last month, (I believe it was on the birth day of our great Washington) I was seated in a most comfortable and indolent posture on my settee reading "Ivanhoe," the new novel, and had just found myself at the tournament, and fancied I saw the knights, the horses gaily caparisoned, the heralds shields and pursuivants, and above all the beautiful and interesting Rebecca, when I heard a kind of parley at the hall door, and the nasal voice of my old servant Nic—"You cant come in, sir; my master is reading a new book, and I heard him say he should not like to be interrupted." Pooh, pooh! nonsense; get out of the way you old memento mori—we'll have him out.—The door was thrown open and in rushed my friends Homer Cosey and Bob Dashall, dressed for a promenade: cane in hand, and flaming colored woodstock gloves Ah, Howard—Are you there old rustic? Caught, fairly caught, with a novel in hand; Oh, you sly sinner—interdicting novels to the fair sex, and devouring them in a corner by yourself—What have you got to say? But come, there is no time to be lost—let's be off for a walk in Broadway. But, my dear fellows, says I consider in what a critical moment you find me; a new novel, and by the author of "Waverly" O hang Waverly, says Homer, by Scott; hang Scott, says Bob. No, we wont hang Scott—we have few like Scott.—But, come along my dear fellow, 'tis near two, and Broadway is brilliant; the sun, Heaven bless his rosy face and golden beams, has drawn out the fair—aye, even from their smoky bed-chambers, where they have been toasting themselves all winter until they are brown, parched, and snappish—so come along. There was no resisting their importunities, and as the day was remarkably fine, we set out together.—Broadway really looked beautiful—the spacious centre was crowded with carriages, and the pleasant side walks with pedestrians—the air was pure, the sky serene—the flags, in honor of the day, waved their stripes and stars from the Halls and Museum, the haberdashers displayed their richest and most attractive articles—the military paraded towards the Battery to fire a salute in remembrance of *him* to whom we are principally indebted for liberty, and all was animation: Bond street in London, Place Vendome and the Boulvards in Paris, the Prado at Madrid or the Marina at Naples, are not to be compared with Broadway on a gala day when the sun shines. Homer and Bob convoyed me towards the Park—we met lots of dandies, their fine large bushy hair gracefully hanging beneath their hats, and their thin and pale faces peeping out of their tangled tresses half buried and concealed; their enormous chains and seals, mincing steps, and neatly padded coats, black ribbons and eye glasses ogling the whole world, and eyeing the milliners and confectioners, with their fine drawling silver-toned salutations of —Ah, Bob—How de-do? Homer, I'm yours. Howard—Is it you? "Catch the manners living as they rise"—Pope. Dine at Billy Niblo's? Bon jour. The ladies, too, with black and blue velvet caps, gold bands and tassels, and splendid merino dresses and shawls, looked beautiful and extravagant. We paused opposite the Park, and cast our eyes on the busy throng as it passed. Homer and Bob discovered a lady at a distance; her fine, bold appearance, was peculiarly attractive; fashionably and elegantly dressed she sailed along. Her pelisse and ribbons floating like streamers in the wind, her rosy cheek and sparkling eyes the picture of health and vivacity: the crowd gave way to let her pass. There she comes, says Bob—"clear the course"—the charming Miss Carmine—had the honor of dancing with her at the last assembly—sweet, amiable, and rich. Miss Carmine? says Homer—Fiddle de dee; I tell you that's not her name. I say it is, says Bob—s'death, do you think I've neither eyes nor heart? Pooh, nonsense, says Homer, I know her very well—her name is Polly Pepperpot—she lives on the Harlaem road—her daddy keeps tavern, sign of the white bull. Polly Pepperpot? says Bob—Impossible. I tell you it is though, says Homer—saw her frequently at Johannes Niclaus Greenzebach's when I dined with the sour krout club par invitation;—Pretty girl—waited on table—but she will ape the fashions, and her father, who gather pence by selling beer and biscuits, spends pounds on

Polly's pretty person. It was a true bill; this dashing belle was the daughter of an honest publican, who had made money by industry and civility, but who contrived to melt it away like ice before the sun, in rigging (as Dr. Pangloss calls it) this pretty damsel; and Polly knew perfectly well how to walk, and how to talk; she was sure, that in a velvet hat, with gold bands and a rich dress she would look as fashionably dashing, as the daughter of any nabob: she was industrious and wanted a husband, but preferred a rich one—and her fond father set her up in the trade of a fashionable lady, until she had expended a handsome sum in the project. This is one of the evil examples which poor and aspiring people derive from the gorgeous display and extravagance of the rich who imagine, that because fortune has favoured them, they have a peculiar privilege of dashing to the "evil example of all others in like cases offending," as we say in our indictments. Talk of the times? Nonsense—the poor have become poorer, but the rich have made no retrenchments to benefit the poor, either by assistance or the powerful effect of a judicious example. Let any person select a fine day, and walk at noon in Broadway and he will be soon satisfied that the times have produced no reform.

We met Harry Headstrong, a man of fashion and fortune, what the world calls a generous, liberal fellow. Howard, said he, dine with me to day at 6 o'clock; dine, said I, at six? you mean tea, Harry; tea? why, you milk-sop—Doctor Johnson was a trifler to you in that way—do you think that a man of spirit, and a lover of the *haut ton*, can sit down with old maids and sip tea?—ridiculous—come and dine with me at six—you'll have a rare cut of venison, get it from Tammany-Hall, always go among bucktails for venison—cook it in claret, a la mode Beauvilliers at Paris—will you come? plenty of Lynch's four dollar Madeira and Champaigne, besides old English cheese and Bell's Scotch ale—will you come? Why, Harry, said I, if you'll make it seven o'clock I'll come, because it will be an early supper for me. With all my heart, said he; I like it an hour later—bring Bob and Homer with you, of course; *adieu, au revoir*—and off he went, whirling his cane and wriggling himself along in the true dandy style. There, there is one of your *ne plus ultras*—one of your *magnum bonums*, said Bob; he's the boy for a tandum, a dash to Cato's, a whiskey punch party, or a match at crickett; he'll spend all that he is worth, and the world will be generous enough to say—poor fellow, he was devilish liberal when he had it but the jig is now up. Heigho. I have a good mind, said Bob, to play off a hoax on the knowing ones. How? says Homer. Why, by advertising for a wife—paint myself in amiable colours, with 2500 a year—fortune no object—what can be refused, however—receive letters—appoint rendezvous—laugh at the girls—that's your sort—why, Howard, you don't laugh at all? No certainly not; I most consider it a laughing matter to trifle with the feelings or the reputation of a female: advertising for a wife, it is true, may be no bad plan for a stranger—nay, a favourable result may be produced by a person long domiciliated in the city, but it is to serious an undertaking to make a hoax of; a man who ventures upon that project must be governed by pure and honorable motives. Although custom has forbidden women to make advances, it is not to be inferred that they do not expect or wish to be married; and it may be that the imposing manner in which an advertisement can be penned, may lead them to a correspondence which, if not governed by the most scrupulous delicacy, may have an unfortunate termination. Well, then, said Bob, you are opposed to advertising for a wife? Certainly, with your views; but with honorable motives, I can see no objections to it. The whole world is an advertisement; and see that gay throng of elegantly dressed females, they are advertised by their parents for marriage with this difference only, that the milliner and man uamaker, not the printer derives the profit. Where, then, is the harm if an honest man, with more candour, steps forth in the papers and says that he wants a wife! Well done, Howard, said Bob; "you are my cephalic snuff, and a pinch of you, now and then, is pleasant." By this time I had reached home, and, saluting my gay companions, entered to finish my book.

HOWARD.

Sixteenth Congress.

IN SENATE, March 6, 1820.

THE Bill from the House for taking the Fourth Census, was amended and ordered to a third reading.

Several reports were acted on, and then the Senate Adjourned

Tuesday, March 7.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill making payment for horses, &c lost in the Seminole war—The bill was then ordered to a third reading. Adj.

Wednesday, March 8.

PUBLIC LANDS.

The important bill for changing the mode of disposing of the Public Lands from credit to cash, was discussed at large, and finally ordered to a third reading.

The bill to suspend for a further time the forfeiture of lands for non-payment, &c was also ordered to be engrossed for a third reading. Adj.

Thursday, March 9

The following Message was received from the President of the U. S.

To the President of the Senate, pro tem.

I transmit to the Senate copies of sundry papers having relation to the Treaty of the 22d Feb. 1819, between the United States and Spain, which have been received at the Department of State, and have not before been communicated to the Senate.

JAMES MONROE.

Washington, 8th March 1820.

The Message and documents were read, and 1000 copies thereof ordered to be printed.

PUBLIC LANDS

The engrossed bill to change the mode of selling the public lands from credit to cash sales, was passed by the following vote,—Yeas 31, Nays 7.—and sent to the other house for concurrence.

The bill from the other House, making appropriations for the Navy, was read a second time.

The bill to establish a uniform system of Bankruptcy throughout the U. S was taken up. The bill occupies 80 printed pages, and it was only read through, and then postponed until to morrow. Adj.

Friday, March 10.

BANKRUPT BILL.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the Bankrupt Bill, and made some progress in it.

Mr. King, of N. Y. laid on the table two resolutions, for to extend the provisions of the act of April 18th, 1818, to the island of Bermuda, the Providence or Bahama Islands, and to all other Islands and places in the West-Indies, under the dominion of Great-Britain which are not included in the provisions said act.

The Senate then adjourned to Monday

House of Representatives.

Monday, March 6.

Mr. Slocumb laid on the table a resolution authorising a close of the Session on the — day of — next.

Reduction of the Navy.

Mr. Cocke laid on the table a motion directing the Committee on Naval Affairs to report on the expediency of reducing the Naval Establishment.

Navy Appropriations.

The bill making appropriations for the support of the Navy, was discussed several hours. A motion of Mr. Clay, to recommit the bill, to provide for the *occasional*, instead of *permanent* employment of the Mediterranean Squadron, was negatived 72 to 51, and the bill was reported with the usual appropriations. Adjourned.

Tuesday, March 7.

Mr. Silsbee, from the committee on Naval affairs, who were instructed to enquire into the expediency of suspending for a limited time, so much of the standing appropriation of $1,000,000 for the increase of the navy as may be consistent with the public service, &c. made a report, the purport of which is, that, after due enquiry they believe that true economy and the best interests of the nation are opposed to a suspension, even for a limited time, of any portion of the sum annually appropriated for the gradual increase of the Navy; and that they have not been able to ascertain where any essential reduction can be made in the expenses of the navy, without reducing the establishment.

The report was ordered to lie on the table.

Navy Appropriations.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the report of the committee of the whole on the bill making the annual appropriations for the support of the Navy.

Mr. Cobb moved to recommit the bill to the committee of Ways and Means, with instructions so to amend it as to reduce the appropriation for every branch of the service, one-fourth.

The question was then taken on Mr Cobb's motion, and negatived, fifteen or twenty members only rising in favour of it.

The report of the committee of the whole was then agreed to, and the bill, as it stands, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

And the House adjourned.

Wednesday, March 8.

The engrossed bill making appropriations for the Navy, was passed and sent to the Senate.

The House then took up the bill making appropriations for the support of the Military Establishment.

The appropriations in the bill were then agreed to, until the House came to the appropriation for Fortifications; for which object the committee of Ways and Means propose the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars.

This item gave rise to some debate, which had not terminated when a motion was made for the committee to rise and agreed to—and the House then adjourned.

Thursday, March 9

RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

Mr Lowndes, from the committee on foreign relations, delivered in the following report:—

The committee to whom has been referred so much of the President's Message, at the commencement of the session as relates to foreign affairs, respectfully report.

That their attention was directed immediately upon their appointment, to the state of the relations of the United States with Spain, and that their delay in making a report upon them must be attributed to their wish "to afford an opportunity for such friendly communications, during the present session of Congress," as the government of Spain had authorised us to expect. They thought it better that Congress should postpone its determination until events might enable it to make that determination definitive, than that it should pass a contingent act for authorising measures which it was not proposed immediately to execute; that should found its determination upon relations ascertained to exist, than upon a calculation of events which might be expected to occur during its sitting.

But more than a year has passed since the signature of the treaty by which it was proposed to terminate the long differences between the United States and Spain. More than six months since the appointment of a new Minister from Spain, who was "forthwith" to make known to the United States the intentions of his government, and we have advanced so far in the session as to make it necessary to propose, without further delay, any measure on which it is expected that Congress shall act before its adjournment.

The committee will not attempt to add any thing to the exposition of the rights of the United States and the obligations of Spain, which is contained in the correspondence between the two governments. We can hardly expect, from continued negociation, the redress which has been claimed for twenty years, and promised for eighteen—which has been a second time promised, and a second time withheld. In such a negociation, the signature of a treaty seems to be a mere incident, and not its term.

For the spoliations which have been committed upon the property of our citizens, for the invasion of our soil, for the weakness or partiality which has made a Spanish territory the place of rendezvous and encampment of an enemy and which has still more lately permitted the Indian inhabitants of that territory, whom Spain was bound by treaty to restrain, to engage in savage hostilities against us; for all these acts of war, a people less attached to peace would seek redress only by war. To capture and confiscate the ships and property of the wrong-doer, would be admitted to be a policy of mildness and forbearance. But by such reprisals the government that does the wrong suffers less than the unoffending subject. It seems a more just reprisal to occupy the province which has been made an instrument of injury, which has been designated by Spain herself, as the fund for our indemnity, and whose occupation by the United States will stop the accumulation of those claims for compensation and redress, which the misgovernment of that neglected colony continually produces. The committee submit to the house a bill to authorise the President of the United States to take possession of East and West Florida, and establish a temporary government therein.

There appears too much reason to believe, from the mistake of the Spanish negociator, as to the dates of the Spanish grants, which it was intended to annul, if the projected treaty had been ratified, that the Crown lands in Florida may be insufficient to provide the expected indemnity for our losses. But these may be applied, as far as they will go, to the compensation of our citizens, and for the excess of our claim, Spain, by whose act the domain of Florida has been rendered inadequate, must expect us to look westward. Perhaps, when our attention is thus forced to a direction more interesting to Spain, her government may at last admit that it is as much her interest as ours, that the just claims of the United States should be provided for by friendly convention, and we may hope that the next treaty between the two nations may be executed as well as signed.

[Accompanying the Report of the Committee, was a Bill empowering the President of the U. S. to take possession and occupy the territories of East and West Florida—and appropriating —— dollars for carrying the act into effect.]

The bill was twice read, and referred to a committee of the whole on the state of the Union.

The House again resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the bill appropriating monies for the support of the Military Establishment for the year 1820. The debate resulted in fixing on 800,000 dollars as the amount of appropriation for fortifications, for the present year, being the sum recommended by the committee of Ways and Means.

Before finishing the consideration of this bill, the committee rose at 4 o'clock, and the House adjourned.

Friday, March 10.

The bill from the Senate, for changing the mode of disposing of the public lands from credit to cash; and the bill, also from the Senate, for extending the time for payment for the public lands, &c were twice read and referred to the committee on public lands.

The engrossed resolution directing the publication of the secret journal of the Old Congress, from the treaty of 1783, to the commencement of the government, was read a third time, and passed.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the proposition of Mr Cannon, directing the committee of the whole to enquire into the expediency of abolishing the Military Academy.

Whereupon a Debate of three hours arose, of which it is not possible to crowd even a very brief report into this paper.

Mr. Clay submitted a resolution, "that it is *inexpedient* at this time to abolish the Military Academy at West Point."

A motion was made to strike out the syllable *in* from Mr. Clay's motion, so as to make it read expedient instead of inexpedient. This motion was negatived after a division, in which it was supported by 41 votes. And Mr Clay's motion prevailed by a like majority.

The committee then rose and reported their agreement to this resolution; and also reported, with amendments, the Military Appropriation bill.

And the House adjourned.

Mail Articles.

NEW-YORK:

NEW-YORK MARCH 11.

Late from England.

THE Packet ship Louisa, Capt. Eldridge, arrived here yesterday from Liverpool, which she left on the 1st of February—we have received papers in deep mourning, of the 31st of January.

These papers announce the death of the King of England, and the Duke of Kent, one of his sons.

The death of George III was officially announced in the London Gazette of January 30th.

The intelligence of the King's death was immediately communicated to the Prince Regent, and a council was held at Carlton-House, who formally recognized and proclaimed the Prince Regent "George IV King of Great-Britain and Ireland, &c.

The Princess of Wales (now Queen of England) was at Marseilles, where she has resided since November.

March 13

Late from Europe.

By the arrival at this port, on Saturday evening, of the ship Stephania, Capt. Burke, in 26 days from Havre-de-Grace, the Editors of the Commercial Advertiser have received Paris papers to the 8th of February. The ship left Havre on the 18th, and one of the passengers informs, that a report had reached that place, of the death of the King of Spain. It was said that he went out at the head of his guards, to attack an advance party of the insurgents, or, as they call themselves, National Troops; that his guards went over to the Insurgent standard; and that the Monarch, in attempting to escape, was slain. Another report as to the manner of his death, is, that the people of Madrid exhibited symptoms of an approaching riot; that the King ordered his guards to fire upon, and disperse the crowd; and that the order was refused, and the King assassinated. Whether either rumour is true, is yet uncertain. It is however, evident, from the accounts published in the Paris papers, that the Insurgent cause in Spain, is gaining strength, and that the revolutionary spirit, if not ultimately triumphant, will not easily be subdued.

One account from Madrid, to the 25th, states, that the Capital was then tranquil; that Cadiz still held out; that the King had directed his commander in chief, Gen Freyre, to proclaim an Amnesty to the Insurgents, of which it was believed they would avail themselves; and that tranquility would thus be speedily restored throughout the Kingdom.

Another account states, in substance, that the amnesty was indignantly rejected; that Cadiz was in possession of the Insurgents; that the insurrection was general in the south of Spain, embracing the troops, clergy and people; that the Insurgent army was augmented to 30,000; that Madrid itself was "full of insurrection;" that some of the King's guards were massacred; and that the Court was about to retire to Pampeluna, about 170 miles north-east of Madrid, and within 42 miles of Bayonne, in France.

A Paris paper of the 5th of February, says—"It is announced this evening, that a courier from Spain, has brought the Ambassador of that nation, the official news of the insurrection at Cadiz, and of the entry of the Insurgent troops into that city. It is stated, that the gates of Cadiz were opened to the Constitutional Army, on the 22d of January."

It was expected, that the funeral of the deceased Monarch, and his son, the Duke of Kent, would take place on the 16th.

A London paper of the 3d, says—"The sudden indisposition of the King has tended to increase the sensation produced by the death of his father and brother. He has had a violent attack of inflamation in the lungs.

The King has lost within two years, his father, mother, one of his brothers, his daughter and grand daughter.

Mr Forsyth had not left Madrid at the latest dates.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,

Saturday, March 18, 1820

VERY LATE FROM EUROPE.

The fast-sailing ship Triton, Capt. Holcomb, arrived at Boston on Thursday last in 23 days from Liverpool, bringing London papers to the 19th, and Liverpool to the 19th of Feb.—The Boston Palladium of Yesterday contains the following summary of their contents:—

"The papers contain long details of the lying in state and interment of the late King and the Duke of Kent. The Prince Regent appears to have recovered from his recent indisposition—and the presentation of addresses of condolence for the death of his Royal relatives, and of congratulations on his ascending the throne, had been commenced.

The Parliament met again on the 17th of Feb. when his Majesty announced the decease of his father, and his intention to call a new Parliament without delay.

George the 4th was proclaimed as King, at Liverpool, without parade, on the 31st Jan. but was proclaimed there on the 19th of Feb. with much pomp and ceremony.

Intelligence from Paris is to the 14th of Feb. and announces the murder of the Duke of Berri, and the arrest of his assassin. The Duke was nephew to the King, was married a few years since to a Neapolitan Princess, and has left one child, a daughter, and his wife again in an interesting situation.

The French Peers, in a body, presented by their Chancellor, their condolence to the King. His Majesty replied, "I receive, with much feeling, the expression of the sentiments of the Chamber of Peers. I rejoice to see that it is disposed to concur in the measures which circumstances render so necessary, and which I shall *very shortly propose*."

The Duke of Berri was in his 42d year, and was, next to his aged father, Count d'Artois, heir to the throne.

Accounts from Spain are to a late date, and the affairs of the Spanish Insurgents appear to be declining: The suppression of the revolt may strengthen the government, but its occurrence must have weakened the nation, as regards foreign objects.

In the evening of the 24th of January Col Rotalde, with some other individuals, attempted to cause a rising of the people of Cadiz—but was unsuccessful, and fled. Gov. Valdes issued a Proclamation, that no assembly of more than three persons should be allowed—that no persons should be permitted to stop in taverns, and all tables and benches are to be withdrawn—coffee-houses to be closed at dark, and no visitors to remain therein—and all the King's arms to be returned on pain of death.—On the 22d Jan. King Ferdinand sent a complimentary letter to the people of Cadiz.

PARIS, FEB. 14.

Assassination of the Duke de Berri.

The inhabitants of this Metropolis have been horror-struck by an atrocious assassination, perpetrated last night, at 10 o'clock, on the person of his Royal Highness the Duke de Berri. The Prince attended the Duchess to her carriage in quitting the Opera-House; she was already seated, when a person passing quickly by His Royal Highness encircled him with his left arm, and thrust a poniard four inches and a half long, in his right breast up to the hilt. On feeling the wound he uttered a cry and fell senseless into the arms of his servants. The Duchess herself sprang out of the carriage and drew the dagger from the Duke's breast, whose only exclamation was, *je me meure*.

The Duke was conveyed into one of the Saloons of the Opera, and the nearest Surgeon sent for. The Duchess never quitted the couch of her husband. M. Pasquier came shortly afterwards and with him in his carriage, came M. Dupuytren.

The assassin was interrogated in the presence of M de Cazes, and declared, boldly declared that he had meditated the murder ever since 1814, and that he had quitted Metz for Calais in the intention of assassinating the King on his *rentree*, but that he arrived too late; that he had at length resolved on the extermination of the Duke de Berri, as the youngest of the family, knowing that nature would soon dispense him from the necessity of abridging the days of the King. This monster was employed in the saddlery of the King.

Mr Jacquinot de Papmeluna examined him; a second dagger was found on his person.

The Duke de Berri died at 6 o'clock in the arms of his Majesty.

The Duchess of Berri had fallen into a swoon, which lasted four hours.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

At a Town-Meeting held on Thursday last, for the purpose of adopting regulations for the government of the Asylum on Coasters-Harbor Island, it was voted, to appoint Nine Commissioners, who are to have all the powers now vested in the Overseers of the Poor, and the sole regulation and government of the establishment, with the appointment of the necessary Officers, &c.—The Commissioners to hold their offices for three years, one-third to go out of office annually.—The following gentlemen were chosen the Commissioners, viz :—S. T. Northam, Henry Bull, Robinson Potter, Henry Moore, David Melville, James Stevens, Stephen Cahoone, George Enos, Benjamin Chase.

OUR AFFAIRS WITH SPAIN.

On Thursday, the 9th inst. the Committee of Foreign Relations, as will be seen in our Congressional journal, made a report on this subject, accompanied with a bill authorising the President to take possession of the Floridas, and appropriating the means to carry the same into effect.

We learn, that Charles Collins, Esq. has resigned the office of Collector of the Port of Bristol, and that his resignation has been accepted by the President.

FROM HAVANNA.

We learn by Capt. Newton, of the Brig Russell, who arrived on Wednesday, in 15 days from Havanna, that two ships were to sail from that port in a few days, with troops, said to be destined for Pensacola.

U. S. TROOPS.

The ship Orleans, and brig Felicina, which sailed from Philadelphia on Saturday last for New-Orleans, had on board between 4 and 500 troops, to be landed at Appalachicola.

MAIL ROBBER TAKEN.

A letter from the Post-Master at New-Haven to the Post-Master of New-York, dated on Monday last, says,—"We have been fortunate enough to apprehend the mail robber. He is now safely lodged in the prison in this city. He makes ample confession of all his transactions while robbing the mail.—We have recovered nearly all the property taken by him from the mail, perhaps within 10 or 12 dollars, which he had expended in endeavouring to make his escape.—It is possible that the robber may have destroyed papers of consequence, but he affirms that he has destroyed nothing, except a few letters which he says had no money or papers in them."

RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

The National Intelligencer of Saturday last contains the following important articles on our relations with Spain :—

"The Budget of the Committee of Foreign Relations, in the House of Representatives, is at length opened, as the reader will see by a reference to the Congressional Head.

We are presented with a proposition to take immediate possession of the Floridas, and to establish a temporary government therein. This proposition goes a little beyond the recommendation of the President in his Message to Congress, and falls considerably short of the views of at least some of the statesmen in Congress. The President recommended the authorizing of a contingent occupation of that territory; some of our leading politicians are for occupying Texas on the West, as well as Florida on the South. We rather approve the intermediate course proposed by the committee of Foreign Relations; not desiring on the one hand, to pass the territorial limits designated by the Treaty; and believing, on the other, that the dilatoriness of the Spanish government, ascertained since the date of the President's Message, justifies a more peremptory course than is recommended in that document.

The report and bill were referred to a committee of the whole on the State of the Union, and may therefore be called up at any time; and, it is presumed, will be acted on at an early day.

There was yesterday communicated to Congress, by the President, a report of the Secretary of State, transmitting a number of documents exhibiting the latest accounts from our Minister at Madrid. They shed little additional light, however, on the state of our relations with Spain. The subjoined letter, which is the latest from Mr. Forsyth, as also the most interesting, shewing that the Spanish government had refused to receive a remonstrance addressed to it by our Minister, and caused the same to be returned to him, with the reasons therefore.

Mr. Forsyth to the Secretary of State, dated Madrid November 27, 1819.

"Late on the evening of the 16th of the present month, after my letter to you of that date had been sent to the post office, I was very much surprised to receive from the Duke of San Fernando the remonstrance addressed him on the 18th of October last. The causes assigned for this step you will find in the copy of the Duke's note of the 12th November, marked No 1. After mature deliberation, it appeared to me that the only course which I could pursue, was to insist upon the reception of the remonstrance, and, if that was refused, to leave Madrid, believing that, in doing this, I should only anticipate the wishes of the President.—It is possible that this determination will gratify the wishes of this government, whose good will has been lost to me ever since the delivery of my official note, of the 31st of June, to Mr Salmon.—The truth of this supposition will be ascertained by the effect of my note of the 20th, a copy of which, marked No 2, is enclosed. If they wish me to remain, they will either receive the remonstrance or give me such assurances with respect to the grants as will justify me in withholding it altogether I shall give you the earliest possible information of what is done.—At all events, I shall not quit Madrid until the first of January, and will, if I am obliged to leave it, remain in France until the beginning of March, with the hope of hearing before that period what direction Congress will give to our affairs with Spain.—General Vivas was in Madrid at the date of my last letter I did not hear of his arrival until the 17th although he arrived on the 15th.—I have been told that his appointment has been made known to him officially, and that he has, with great reluctance, accepted it.—From the government of Spain, I know nothing about him, either formally or informally.

Navy Establishment.

By the proceedings of Congress in a subsequent column, it appears that a decided majority are opposed to the reduction of the Navy, at the present time. The committee on naval affairs have also reported in favour of continuing the annual appropriation of one million of dollars for the augmentation of the naval establishment.

From New-Orleans.

A letter from New-Orleans of the 16th ult. states, that the river had there risen four feet, and several boats had got down.

Another letter mentions that Paul Laureus, late President of the Planter's Bank, has stopped payment for a Million of Dollars, of which a large amount was due to the Bank. The apprehension that the Bank would lose this debt, had caused a great run upon it, but their bills were promptly redeemed with specie. It was believed, however, that the bank would be under the necessity of closing its concerns, though it was not thought the holders of their bills, but the stockholders, would lose. The same letter mentions the house of Dourilet & Sagery as having stopped for $600,000.

Incendiaries.

The Savannah Republican, received yesterday, states that two more attempts had been made to fire that city—the one on the night of the 28th ult. and the other on the following morning. In the former case, the fire had made considerable progress before it was discovered. A person, on whom suspicion rests, has been committed for examination.

Married,

At Washington City, on Thursday evening, the 9 h inst by the Rev Mr. Hawley, Samuel L. Gouverneur, Esq of New-York, to Miss Maria H. Monroe, youngest daughter of James Monroe, President of the United States.

Died,

At Rindge, N. H. Rev. Seth Payson, D. D. aged 61 years.

At Providence on Monday last, Mrs. Abigail Packard, widow of Capt. Nathaniel Packard, aged 66 years.

On Monday evening last, Mrs Abby Dexter, wife of Samuel Dexter, Esq. and daughter of Gen. Daniel Sheldon, of this town, in the 34 h year of her age.—In the meridian of life, and surrounded with blessings, this amiable and interesting woman, has been suddenly arrested by the king of terrours, and consigned to the silent mansions of the dead.

In this town on Monday last, very suddenly, Mr. Philip Brown, in the 58th year of his age.

On Wednesday, Mr. Henry Gladding, jun. in the 35th year of his age.—He was a worthy member of the First Baptist Church, and in his last illness which was short, he manifested that he was possessed of that hope, which was an anchor to his soul, both sure and stedfast.

WEEKLY ALMANACK

1820. March.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water.	Moon sets.
18 Saturday,	6 3	5 57	11 4	11 29
19 Sunday,	6 2	5 58	11 58	morn.
20 Monday,	6 0	6 0	aft. 55	0 35
21 Tuesday,	5 58	6 2	1 51	1 36
22 Wednesday,	5 57	6 3	2 44	2 30
23 Thursday,	5 55	6 5	3 35	3 16
24 Friday,	5 54	6 6	4 22	3 51

Moon's First Quarter, 21st day, 9h. 16 minutes in the Morning.

Marine List,

Port of Newport.

March 18, 1820.

Entered,

Brig Russell, Newton, Havanna

Cleared,

Sloop Herald, Bliss, New-York

B. D. Jones, Cahoone, ditto

Arrived on Wednesday last, Brig Russell, Newton, in 15 days from Havanna, with Molasses, Sugar, &c.—Left there, Brig Perseverance, Eldred, for Providence in 8 days; Venus, Wilson, for do.; Francis, Carr; Maria, Hopkins; and ship Gen. Jackson, for Bristol in 10 days; Ambuscade of New-York, just arrived.—Spoke going in, Brig Nancy, of Philadelphia, from Porto Bello.

Same day, Ship Amazon, Devens, 58 days from London, with iron and ballast spoke no American vessels.

MEMORANDA.

Melancholy Shipwreck.

Captain Haradon, of the Janus, has politely furnished us with the following circumstantial account of the melancholy loss of the schooner Quaker, Captain Leonard Journagan, on her passage from Boston for the Chesapeake, in lat. 37, 35, long 73, 40.

The Quaker sailed from Boston, February 28, with cables and cordage for the Columbus 74, fitting for sea in the Chesapeake waters. She had on board 39 men, which had been recruited for the Columbus, three Naval Officers, and six marines, including Captain Journagan—48 persons in all. On the morning of the 6th of March, the schooner was struck by a squall, and in spite of every exertion to prevent it, capsized, and the passengers and crew were washed overboard by the surge. William Miller, the mate, succeeded in hauling himself into the main crosstrees, where he found four others—the topmast and crosstrees being for the most part out of water. Captain Journagan, when last seen, was holding on to the main chains, and Lieutenant Samuel P. Macomber, of the United States' Navy was clinging to the weather quarter. The mate and his four companions remained in their perilous situation till Tuesday, the 7th, when three of them perished of cold and fatigue, and were washed away by the surge which was continually breaking over the mate and his surviving companion who expected momentarily, to share the fate of those who were lost. They remained without a prospect of escape from death, until the forenoon of Wednesday, March 3, when they discovered a vessel standing towards them; they contrived to hoist a signal of distress—the vessel approached within hailing distance, sent her boat, and took from the wreck the two sufferers, who, after the lapse of 56 hours, were nearly exhausted by hunger and fatigue.—This vessel proved to be the brig Janus, Captain Haradon, from Turks-Island, of and for this port, where she arrived yesterday. The feelings of the mate and his companion, on the prospect of their deliverance, may be more easily conceived than described. They had previously been passed by four vessels, who did not observe their signals.

The preceding particulars of this melancholy shipwreck, by which forty-six human beings, unfortunately perished, are derived from a very minute statement, drawn up by the mate, and communicated to Captain Haradon.—The name of the mate's companion, who was saved, is Samuel S. Pierce, of New-Jersey, a seaman of the Columbus.—We subjoin the mate's list of the persons who perished:

Leonard Journagon, Captain of the schooner.

Lieutenant S. Macomber late acting Captain of the Navy Yard at Boston going on to Washington City, for preferment.

—— Bordain, Master's Mate on board the Independence 74, going on to Washington City, for preferment.

An elderly gentleman, a Lieutenant on board the Independence 74, going on to Washington City, for preferment.

And forty-two seamen; in all forty-six.

Lieut. Macomber was the eldest son of Col. Ebenezer Macomber, late of this town, and sustained the reputation of an active, intelligent and intrepid officer.

Providence American, of Yesterday

WOOD's Improved Patent Cast Iron PLOUGH,

WARRANTED to perform superior to any other kind, for Sale, (of various sizes) by

GEORGE ENGS,

Sign of the Eagle, Thames-Street.

Newport, March 18. 3w

Collector's NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, Collector of the State and Town Taxes, has taken an Office at No. 3, Pelham-Street, where he requests all those indebted for the State or Town Taxes, to call and pay the same without any further delay.

BENJAMIN HADWEN, *Collector.*

Newport, 18th of 3d mo. 1820.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, Executors of the last Will and Testament of

WILLIAM ELLERY,

late of Newport, deceased, request all persons having demands against said estate, to present the same for settlement, and those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to

William Ellery,
George W. Ellery, } *Executors*
Benjamin Hazard.

Newport, March 15, 1820.

Executor's SALES.

BY Virtue of the authority contained in the last Will of William Ellery, late of Newport, deceased, will be sold at Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 31st of March instant, at XI o'clock A. M. on the premises :—

All the right, title and interest of said William Ellery, in a Lot of Land, containing about Eight Acres, and lying on the west side of the road leading to Malbone's Garden, next north of the lots belonging to the heirs of the late George Gibbs.

ALSO, On the same day, at 3 o'clock P. M. an Estate situate on Mill-street, consisting of a Lot of land with a Brick Dwelling-House, fronting south on said Street, and next east of the estate of Capt. James Phillips, (formerly Joseph Clarke's.)

Also On the same day, at 4 o'clock P. M. a large Lot of Land, directly opposite to the 1st Congregational Meeting-house, fronting south on said Mill-street, and west on a cross street.

ALSO, On the 1st day of May next, at X o'clock A. M. the Estate of said *William Ellery*, situated at the upper end of Thames-Street, consisting of two Lots of Land, lying opposite each other on each side of said Street, with the Dwelling-House in which he lived, a Stable, &c.

Conditions of Sale.—One-quarter part of the purchase money to be paid on delivery of the Deed or Deeds;—the remainder in 6, 9 and 12 months, secured by Notes with good endorsers. Possession delivered with the Deeds.

William Ellery,
George W. Ellery, } *Executors*
Benjamin Hazard.

Newport, March 15, 1820.

TO LET,

THE Dwelling-House and out-buildings in Broad-Street, late the property of Dr Easton.—Also, about 2 1-2 Acres of Land adjoining.—The House and Land will be Let separately or together, as may best accommodate. For terms, &c. apply to

GEORGE ENGS.

Newport, March 17.

81 Capital PRIZES,

From $ 10.000 to $ 100 Each,

IN the Union Canal LOTTERY, 2d Class, begins to draw in Boston on Monday next, and will soon be finished.—This is one of the best Lotteries which has been published for a long time.

The Tickets on hand have all been sold, except a few Quarters;—but a small supply will be received by This day's Mail, and a few may be had, if applied for immediately.—Present price, $ 5 50—Halves 2 87—Quarters 1 50—Not two Blanks to a Prize.

Those who wish to be interested in this Grand Lottery, will do well to apply immediately to

J. C. SHAW,

Agent for the Managers.

Newport, March 18.

CONFECTIONARY.

FRANCIS V. GIRAUD,

Respectfully informs the inhabitants of Newport, and vicinity.

THAT he has taken the store lately occupied by *John Beguey*, (the old stand of the late firm of Giraud & Beguey,) No 109, Thames-street, where he carries on Confectionary in all its branches, and will be happy to furnish his Customers with what articles they need in his line of business.

He keeps on hand a variety of Fruits, viz :—All kinds of Raisins Prunes, Currants, Oranges, Almonds and Nuts; best of Liquors and Cordials, Preserves, Jellies and Syrups of the best quality; Pastries and Candies; Cakes and refreshments of all kinds.—*Also*, A great variety of Fancy Goods, just received from New-York, among them are, Ladies Indispensable Clasps, richly gilt and elegant patterns; clasps for purses; elegant gilt, steel and silk purses; boxes of jewelry; ladies work boxes, very elegant; snuff boxes; gentlemen's silk suspenders; watches and dolls for children; gentlemen's canes; fowling pieces and pistols, single and double barrelled; a very elegant assortment of French work baskets; and many other articles too numerous to mention.

He solicits a share of the public patronage, and intends to devote himself to the accommodation of his customers.

N. B.—Orders punctually attended to, and the smallest favour gratefully acknowledged.

Newport, March 18.

AUCTIONS.

On MONDAY, March 20th,

At XI o'clock A. M. will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises. (if fair, if not, the first fair day after.)

ALL the right, title and interest which Jonathan Simmons, late of Newport, had at the time of his decease in the following Real Estates, viz :—

A Lot at the head of the Town, containing about 3 1-2 Acres of excellent Land, adjoining the Farm of Anthony Wilbour, Esq. and land belonging to Mrs. Gibbs.

A Dwelling-House and Lot of Land situated on Broad and Tanner-Streets, formerly occupied by the deceased.

A Lot of Land, with a Blacksmith's Shop standing thereon, situated on Broad and Spring-Streets.

Also, One other Garden Lot, situated in Spring-Street, being 60 feet front, and 260 feet in the rear.

The Conditions of Sale will be made known at the time and place.—For further particulars, apply to

EDWARD SIMMONS, *Exec'r.*

Newport, Feb. 26.

TO LET at Public Auction,

On FRIDAY, March 24 1820, at X o'clock A. M. on the premises.

THE Pasture Lots, No's 7 and 8, containing One Acre and a half each, on Easton's Point, near the Alms-House.—*Also*, two-thirds of the Meadow Field (so called) contiguous to the Friends' Meeting-House.

Newport, March 17

TO LET at Public Auction,

On SATURDAY, March 25 1820, at X o'clock A. M. beginning at the Brick Market.

A LOT of Land belonging to the Town of Newport, known by the name of the Gallows Field.—*Also* the Town Marsh, and the Market Stalls in both Market-houses.—Conditions made known at the Auctions.

HENRY BULL, *Auc'r.*

Newport, March 18.

REAL ESTATE for Sale

On THURSDAY, April 20th,

At XI o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Public Auction, on the premises.

THE Dwelling-House and Lot in Clarke-street, occupied by Josiah C. Shaw, Esq.—The Premises are mortgaged for Eight Hundred Dollars, which sum with interest thereon must be paid on delivery of the Deed.—The balance to be in three equal payments, of 60, 90 and 120 days, for approved endorsed Notes, payable at either Bank in this Town.—The title will be a Quit Claim Deed from *Richard K. Randolph*, Esq Assignee to Josiah C. Shaw, which it is believed, after Payment of said Mortgage, will vest in the purchaser a perfect title to said estate.

On TUESDAY, May 2d,

At XI o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Public Auction, on the premises

THE Estate in Thames-street, now occupied by *Francis V. Giraud*, and known by the name of the Ayrault Estate. The premises are subject to a Mortgage to Mrs. *Mary D. Wanton*, now amounting to between eleven and twelve hundred dollars.—The title to be given, will be a quit claim Deed from *Richard K. Randolph*, Esq in whom is vested all the right and title of Josiah C. Shaw in and to the premises.—For the purchase money over the amount of the Mortgage, a credit of 60, 90 and 120 days will be given, for approved endorsed notes, payable at either of the Banks in this Town.—It is believed that the aforementioned Quit claim Deed will vest in the purchasers the fee of the estate subject to no other incumbrance than that above mentioned.

CHRIS. RHODES, *Auc'r.*

Newport, March 18.

TO LET,

THE Mansion-House and Garden, late the property of *John Banister* Esq deceased, situated in Spring and Pelham-streets, convenient for a Boarding or Dwelling-House.—For terms, apply to

CHRISTIAN BANISTER.

Newport, March 18

WANTED,

A Good Carder at the Woolen Business.—Good recommendations as to skill and morals will be required. Apply to

T. R. & J. D. WILLIAMS,

Rocky Brook Factory.

South-Kingstown, 14th of 3d mo.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of JAMES C. CARR, late of Jamestown, deceased, are requested to make payment to either of the Subscribers, and those having any demands against said estate, will present them for settlement to

ROBERT H WATSON, *Adm'r.*

DEMARIS CARR, *Adm'x.*

Jamestown, March 13, 1820.

POETRY.

From the Northern Whig.

WOMAN.

WHEN youth's light soul is bounding free,
Unknown to guile—untaught by art;
The eye of hope is fix'd on thee—
Fair idol of the heart.
Thou art the early golden light
Which skirts the morning sky—
The sun of life, all warm and bright,
That meets the raptur'd eye.

Child of the gay and gleaming Heaven,
Sent down to bless us here,
To thee the glorious boon is given
To check affliction's tear,
To watch o'er sorrow's wasting form,
And light the beamless eye—
To soothe the heart no longer warm,
And calm the heaving sigh.

How fond we turn in joyous youth,
To meet thy smile divine,
To rest upon thy love and truth,
And worship at thy shrine :—
Sylph of a purer, brighter sphere!
From Heaven's enchanted bowers
Thou cam'st to make existence dear,
And deck its way with flowers.

Thine is the soul-bewitching power
Of love's delightful thrill—
Thine is the soft and tranquil hour
When each dark thought is still ;
But thine is ne'er the heart of clay,
That spurns another's woe—
Unblest with feeling's genial ray—
Cold as the mountain snow.

To thee we fly with grief oppress'd—
And when its shaft takes wing,
And when the arrow writhes the breast,
Thou healest all its sting :
Woman—thou comest charm of life,
A calm, along its sea—
And the asylum from its strife
Is only found in thee.

FLORIO.

Saturday's Monitor.

Doing service, as to the Lord, and not to Man. —Ephesians vi. 7th.

AMONG all the evils of life, that of SLAVERY is one of the hardest to bear. To be totally subject to the will of such a mischevious, capricious creature, as Man, is certainly very grievous.

In compassion to this miserable part of the human species, the Apostle St. Paul, is frequent in his advice to them. He tells them in general, that he is not authorized to make any change in the civil establishments of mankind. All he could do for them was to administer topics of consolation Many of them, no doubt, one we know, he converted to Christianity ; and if he could not make them happy in one way, he did it in another.

Among Christians the idea of service is changed ; and (except in one instance, which is a disgrace to a Christian legislature) the servant is as free as his master. But though the nature of service is changed, yet still as there must be different ranks among mankind, there will be oppression and tyranny The Gospel therefore has given us many precepts to enable us to bear the oppression of bad men with christian patience ; and in this light I know of none more effectual to a well disposed mind than the text ; in which all mankind are taught to consider themselves as members of one great family under God. As in a private family there are different stations ; so there are likewise in God's great family All people should make themselves satisfied with those stations in which they are placed by considering themselves as connected with a still greater master than their earthly one ; and should look upon their stations as parts given them by God, rather than as employments under man And though many of these employments may be hard, yet it is a consolation to those who suffer under them, that they have a great and kind master in Heaven, who beholds their patient sufferings with a tender eye — The happiness that would result under this great principle, of doing service as to the Lord, and not to man, might be considered at large both as it respects mankind in general, and individually.

Public Notary's Office.

Abraham Thurston,

Informs his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has opened an Office near Mr. TOWNSEND's Hotel and in the rear of *Wm. H Rathbone's* Store where he offers his services as a PUBLIC NOTARY —He will also attend to the duties of a Justice of the Peace. As he intends devoting his time to the above business and has no other employment to occupy his attention, he solicits a share thereof, with assurances that every attention shall be paid to any business placed in his hands.

Newport, Jan. 22.

NEW GOODS.

JOHN F. TOWNSEND,

At his Store, corner of Thames & Mary-Street,

HAS just received a great Variety of Fancy and Staple GOODS, selected in Boston, with care, which he is selling unusually low :—

Among them are .—

BROADCLOTHS, Cassimeres, Blankets Vestings, steam-loom Shirtings, worsted Plaids, fine Linen Cambrics ; men's large size fine black worsted Hose Ladies very fine white ditto ; Cassimere Shawls ; damask cotton Table Cloths of all sizes ; damask Linen for ditto ; very nice white kid Gloves ; Ladies best Beaver ditto, some lined ; damask Napkins ; fine twilled black Bombazetts ; fine sarsnet Muslin ; 4 4 elegant Prints ; best Mourning Ginghams ; Wide black Bombazeen ; fine white Flannels India Calicoes ; a lot of American Dipers, to be sold very cheap, and best Crash ; a few pieces of American mixed Cassimeres. well suited for Boys Clothes ; a few gentlemen's fur Caps

A L S O,

One Case American Shirtings and Sheetings, of a good fabric

Two pieces Kidderminster CARPETINGS, of handsome patterns, and a few elegant Hearth Rugs.

Newport, Jan. 29.

Strike, While the Iron is Hot ! ! !

William James Tilley

No. 124. Thames-Street

HAS just received a complete Assortment of Superfine, Fine and common Blue, Black, Brown, Olive and mixt BROADCLOTHS —*Also*, Pelise Cloths and Cassimeres, and some very cheap Bombazetts—all of which will be sold low *for Cash*.

Newport. Feb. 5 3w

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to JOSIAH C. SHAW, are hereby informed that by an Assignment executed on the 3d instant, all said SHAW's debts whether due by Account, Note or otherwise, are transfered to me, for the benefit of his Creditors.—All persons indebted to him, are therefore requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber.

RICHARD K RANDOLPH.

Newport, Jan 8. 1820

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

THE Board of Directors of the *Providence Mutual Fire Insurance Company*, inform those persons in the several towns of Newport, Bristol, Warren, Taunton, New-Bedford and Nantucket, and their neighbourhoods, who may be desirous of insuring their buildings against loss by Fire, that all propositions for Insurance in these places, must be made through the several Agents of the Company in said towns, to wit :—To Mr JAMES TOWNSEND, in Newport ; to JOHN W. BOURN, Esq in Bristol ; to Col. BENJAMIN COLE in Warren ; to Mr. DANIEL BREWER, jun. in Taunton ; to Mr. ROBERT S. SMITH, in New-Bedford and to WILLIAM COFFIN, Esq. in Nantucket.—These gentlemen are authorized and will attend to receiving and forwarding any propositions from their respective towns and neighbourhoods. The situation of this Company is such as to offer very great inducement to any persons who may wish to effect Insurance on their Buildings, as the Company have not sustained a loss for nearly six years and for the last Ten years the average rate of premium has not exceeded one sixth of one per cent. per annum.

By order of the Board,

GEORGE LARNED. *Secry.*

Providence, Feb. 10.

Cundall's Mills,

THE Subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they carry on the Wool manufacturing business in all its branches—that their machines are now in complete repair—their long experience will therefore enable them to perform all the branches of Carding Spinning, Weaving coloring and finishing, all the various kinds of Woolen Goods, in point of color and finish equal if not superior to any establishment in this country They guarantee to complete all orders in their line, as speedily and on as reasonable terms as at any establishment on this Island.

They have constantly on hand, at wholesale and retail, Sattinetts, Plains Cassimeres, Flannels, &c which they are determined to sell at moderate prices

CLARKE & GRINNELL.

N B.—The following persons will receive all articles intended for their manufactory :—*Job Shearman*, Newport—*Sanford Almy*, Little Compton—*Peleg Corey*, Tiverton—and *William Peckham*, Bristol-Ferry.

Portsmouth, Nov. 10.

JAMES D'WOLF,

Has for Sale at his Store in Bristol,

RUSSIA. Iron, Duck and Hemp—Also, Cordage, made of the best Hemp, of different sizes, among which are five Cables, of the best quality and workmanship, manufactured of the finest yarns, from 10 to 14 1 2 inch and from 60 to 120 fathoms ; Ship's Shrouding from the largest to the smallest size ; which will be sold much under the price of hemp Likewise, Rum, Coffee and Molasses.

Jan 1 1820

IRON

Robert Robinson,

Has for Sale,

BEST Swede's IRON, well assorted, from 1-2 inch square bundle iron up to 1 1-2 inch square, different sizes ;—and from 1 1-4, 1 1-2 1 3-4 2 inch, 2 1-2, 2 3 4, and 3 inch flat, and a few Tons of 4 inch flat axe bar Iron, by 3 8 inch thick

Newport, Nov. 20

John D Thurston & Co

No. 170. Thames-Street,

HAVE just received, and are now opening, an extensive Assortment of

Hardware & Cutlery,

Which they offer for sale on accommodating terms — *Likewise constantly for Sale*, Nails, Brads and Tacks of every description, Sheet Lead, Steel, Hollow Ware, Brass Kettles, &c &c

Newport, Nov. 2

TABLE BEER.

John B. Lyon,

HAVING been appointed Agent of the Providence Brewery, for this Town, will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Strong and Table BEER, in whole and half barrels — Grocers and families supplied on the same terms, as at the Brewery.

Newport, Dec 4.

LARD, &c.

40 Kegs LARD,

30 Tons Assorted Swedes IRON,

For Sale on Stevens' Wharf, by

STEPHEN BOWEN.

Newport Oct. 30

JOSEPH SANFORD, jun.

Mathematical Instrument Maker

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public in general.

THAT he carries on the business of making and repairing Quadrants and Compasses, and all other Instruments whatever, at No. 43, Thames-street.

N. B —Persons wishing Quadrants or Compasses repaired, can leave them at the Ship-Chandlery Store of *Wm. H. Rathbone*, where they will be attended to.

Newport, Feb. 12.

NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers, having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Administrators on the Estate of

SILAS DEAN,

late of Newport, Merchant, deceased, and having given bonds as the law directs, hereby give notice to all persons having demands against said Estate, to exhibit them to either of us ; and all persons indebted thereto, are requested to make payment.

WILLIAM ENNIS,
CHRISTOPHER FOWLER

Newport Sept 24

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of

GILBERT CHASE,

late of Newport, deceased, are requested to present them to the Subscriber and all those indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment to

JAMES CHASE, *Adm'r.*

(With the Will annexed)

Middletown, 17th of 2d mo. 1820

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having Demands against the Estate of

JOHN FREEBODY,

late of Newport, deceased, are requested to present them to the Subscriber, and all those indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment to

GEORGE ENGS, *Adm'r.*

Newport, Dec 11.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber proposes opening a Morning SCHOOL on the 1st of April, for the instruction of Females in Writing and Arithmetic exclusively, provided a sufficient number to make it an object, shall apply by the 15th inst.

JOHN RODMAN.

Newport, March 4.

Wm. & J. H. Barber,

Have just received,

The Rhode-Island Register, and United States Calender, for the Year 1820.— Price 87 1-2 Cents.

ALMANACKS for 1820.

A L S O,

An Assortment of Collins's Stereotype BIBLES, with Plates, at Prices from $5 to $10 each.

Constantly on Hand,

A great Variety of

Ledgers, Journals, Waste, Invoice, Sales, Cash, and Record BOOKS,

Made of the best Paper, bound in superior manner and Patent Ruled.

☞ Old Books re-bound.

Dec. 18, 1819.

GROCERIES.

Henry Gardiner & Co.

At the head of Channing's Wharf

Offers for Sale on reasonable terms.

THIRTY Hogsheads first quality 5th proof Jamaica RUM, pure as imported

300 Barrels Mackrel, No. 1, 2 & 3.

50 Hhds first quality Retailing MOLASSES.

30 Boxes Havanna Brown Sugar.

30 Hhds New Rum.

New-York and Alexandria Flour

Beef and Pork

200 M merchantable Pine Boards, of the first quality.

20 M. Clear Boards—200 Shooks

30 M Pine and Spruce Timber

Pine and Cedar Shingles.

10 M. Clapboards

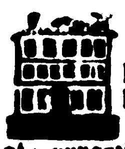
50 M. feet assorted pine and Spruce Joist.

A L S O,

A general Assortment of GROCERIES, by wholesale and retail.

Newport, Sept. 11.

FOR SALE,



AN Elegant Dwelling HOUSE, Barn and out-Houses, and half an Acre of Land, situated in the centre of the town of Colchester, State of Connecticut, near Bacon Academy.—Any Gentleman desirous of purchasing an elegant Country Seat, cannot but be pleased with this.—It was lately owned and occupied by ROGER BULKLEY, Esq deceased, who authorized the Subscriber (by Will) to sell the same.—Possession will be given immediately.—enquire of

DANIEL WATROUS, *Executor.*

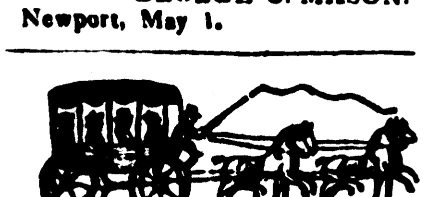
Colchester, (Con.) Nov. 9, 1819.

FOR SALE

THE Dwelling House, and Garden adjoining, No. 117, Thames-street, now occupied by Mr. *Thomas W. Brown* — *Also* the Dwelling House and Garden next, north of the above, now occupied by Mr. *Thomas H. Mumford* —Both are excellent stands for business.—For further particulars and terms, enquire of the Subscriber.

GEORGE C. MASON.

Newport, May 1.



The New-London and Hartford

MAIL STAGE,

Will run as follows :—

IT will leave New-London at 8 o'clock A. M every Tuesday and Thursday for Hartford. It will leave Hartford at 8 o'clock A. M every Wednesday and Friday, for New-London.

Good Horses and Carriages, furnished to convey Passengers between each city as stated above, by the subscribers, at New-London by H. G. BROOME, and at Colchester by E. W. NEWTON

Feb. 2, 1820.

Atheneum,

Or, Spirit of the English Magazines.

JUST published, The ATHENEUM ; *Or, Spirit of the English Magazines*, for March 1, 1820.

☞ Subscriptions for the above interesting Work, are received by the Subscriber, the Agent in Newport

JOSIAH C. SHAW.

Newport, March 4.

BOOKS

Wm. & J. H. Barber,

Have for Sale, at their Book and Stationary Store, No 1 & 2, Long-Wharf an extensive Assortment of BOOKS which they will dispose of at reduced prices :—Among them are the following valuable Works, viz.

WORKS of Sir Wm Jones, 13 Vols.
Swift's Works, 19 Vols. vo
Anquetel's Universal History 9 Vols. vo
Rollin's Ancient History, 9 Vols
Godwin's Life of Chaucer, 4 Vols. vo
Cicero's Orations, Vols vo
Cicero's Letters 6 Vols vo
Middleton's Cicero, Vols vo
Gibbon's Miscellaneous Works, 3 Vols. vo
Lempriere's Universal Biography, 2 Vols.
Watkin's Biographical Dictionary, 1 Vol.
Stewart's Philosophy, 2 Vols.
Rollin's Belles Lettres Vols.
Harwood's Greece 1 Vol.
Robinson's Scripture Characters, 4 Vols.
Tooke's Russia, 3 Vols
Kame's on Education, 1 Vol.
Staehlin's Life of Peter the Great, 1 vol.
Volney's Travels in Egypt, 2 Vols. 8vo
Volney's Ruins 1 Vol 8vo
Sale's Koran, 2 Vols 8vo
Gillies's History of the World, 3 Vols.
Howe's Church History 3 Vols vo
Adams's Philosophy, 4 Vols vo
Nicholson's ditto, 2 Vols 8vo
Ewen's ditto 1 Vol 8vo
Blair's Lectures, 2 Vols 8vo
Darwin's Phytologia, 1 Vol. 8vo
Hutton's Ane..ges, 1 Vol 8vo
Sauren's Sermons, 7 Vols. 8vo
Life of the Earl of Chatham, 3 Vols. vo
Savary's Greece, 1 Vol vo
History of Egypt by the Rev. J. Wilson, 1 Vol 8v
Denon's Travels, 2 Vols 8vo
D'Grasse's Voyages 2 Vols 8vo
Goldsmith's Animated History 4 Vols. 8vo
Compendium of the Arts and Sciences, 2 Vols 8vo
Tooke's Aristo 6 Vols. 12mo
Hoole's Tasso 6 Vols 12mo
Don Quixot 4 Vols 12mo
Jacob's Law Dictionary 6 Vols vo
Blackstone's Commentaries 4 olavo—and 12 Vols
Sullivan's Lectures 2 Vols 8vo
Chitty's Treatise 1 Vol 8vo
Abbott on Shipping 1 Vol 8vo
Curran's Speeches 2 Vols 8vo
Bell's Surgery 4 Vols 8vo
Thomas's Practice of Physic
Soulavie's Memoirs of Louis 16th 6 Vols. 8vo
Doddridge's Expositor, 6 Vols 8v
Brown's Travels in Africa, Egypt, and Syria 1 Vol 4.
Travels in various Countries of Europe, Asia and Africa, by Edward Daniel Clarke L L D 4 Vols 12mo
Nichols's Hogarth 1 Vol 8vo
Lucien's Select Dialogues 2 Vols. 8vo
Gregory's Mechanics 3 Vols 8vo
Williams' History of Vermont 2 Vols vo
Heron's Junius, 2 Vols 8vo
Goldsmith's Works 4 Vol 8vo
Russell's Ancient History Vols. 8vo
Ditto Modern Do 5 Vols 8vo
Lord Erskine's Speeches Vols 8vo
Grattan's Speeches, 1 Vol 8vo
Buffon's Natural History, 15 Vols 12mo
Montefeare's Commercial Dictionary, 3 Vols 8vo
Clavigero's History of Mexico 3 Vols 8vo
Lady Montague's Works, 5 Vols. 12mo
Boswell's Johnson, 3 Vols 8vo
Works of the Rev Wm Paley, D. D. 5 Vols 8vo
Milner's Church History 4 vols.

Newport, Dec. 1.

TO LET,

THE STORE, No. 88, Thames-Street, being one of the best stands in Newport, for a Dry Goods Store and lately occupied by *James Mumford*.—Immediate possession given.—For terms, &c. enquire of

B B MUMFORD.

Newport, Jan. 22.

TO LET,

THE SHOP No 119, in Thames-Street—Apply to

THOMAS H. MUMFORD

Newport, Feb. 26.

NOTICE,

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the creditors against the estate of

Freeman Mayberry,

late of Newport, Mariner, deceased, represented insolvent ; give notice, that six months from the date hereof are allowed the creditors to bring in their claims, and that we will attend for the purpose of receiving the same at any time during said period.

JOB TOWNSEND,
THOMAS GODDARD, } *Comm'rs.*

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

ANNIS MAYBERRY, *Exec'x.*

Newport, Feb 6. 1820

NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers being duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Newport Commissioners to receive and examine the Claims against the Estate of

Scippio Tanner,

late of said Newport deceased represented insolvent, give notice, that 6 months from the date hereof are allowed the creditors to exhibit their claims, and that we will attend for the purpose of receiving the same, at our respective dwellings during said period

JOB TOWNSEND,
NATHANIEL SWEET } *Comm'rs.*

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make payment to

ARTHUR FLAGG, *Exec'r.*

Newport, March 6.